

Computing Scheme of Work Overview Year 3

Contents

Introduction	3
Linking the lessons to curriculum objectives	3
Differentiation	3
Adapting and Refining the Scheme for your School	4
Crash Courses	5
Year 3 Whole Year Overview	6
Year 3 Unit Overview	7
Unit 3.1 – Coding	7
Unit 3.2 – Online Safety	8
Unit 3.3 – Spreadsheets	9
Unit 3.4 – Touch-typing	9
Unit 3.5 – Email	
Unit 3.6 – Branching Databases	
Unit 3.7 – Simulations	11
Unit 3.8 – Graphing	12
Unit 3.9 – Presenting (with Microsoft PowerPoint)	13
Downloaded Version of MS PowerPoint	13
Online Version of MS PowerPoint	13
Unit 3.9 – Presenting (with Google Slides)	14
PC\Mac Version of Google Slides	14
Tablet App for Google Slides	15
English National Curriculum Objectives (Key Stage 2)	16
Welsh Digital Competence Framework	17
Northern Ireland Levels of Progression and Desirable Features	19
Scottish Curriculum for Excellence (First Level)	20



Introduction

This document contains an overview of the units included in the Purple Mash Computing Scheme of Work for Year 3.

For detailed lesson plans and other information, see the documents for the individual units themselves.

Most lessons assume that children are logged onto Purple Mash with their own individual usernames and passwords, so their work will be saved in their own folders automatically and can be easily reviewed and assessed by the class teacher. If children have not used and logged onto Purple Mash before then they will need to spend some time before starting these lessons, learning how to do this. Children can be supported by having their printed logon cards (produced using <u>Create and Manage Users</u>) to hand.

Lesson plans also make use of the facility within Purple Mash to set activities for pupils which they can then complete and hand-in online (2Dos). This enables you to assess their work easily as well as distribute resources to all pupils. If children have not opened 2Dos before then they will need more detailed instructions about how to do this. A teacher's guide to 2Dos can be found in the teacher's section: 2Dos Guide.

If you are currently using a single login per class or group and would like to set up individual logins yourself, then please see our guide to doing so at <u>Create and Mange Users</u>. Alternatively, please contact support at <u>support@2simple.com</u> or 0208 203 1781.

To force links within this document to open in a new tab, right-click on the link then select 'Open link in new tab'.

Linking the lessons to curriculum objectives

At the end of this document you will find a breakdown showing how the units relate to the curricula of England, Wales, Northern Ireland and Scotland. Within each unit document is a section called Assessment Guidance with exemplars of how a child at emerging, expected and exceeding level of achievement could demonstrate this in their work through the unit. These statements could also be used for reporting.



This information can be used in association with the Purple Mash Data Dashboard to make and record judgements about children's outcomes and demonstrate progress over time.

For more information about the Data Dashboard see the <u>Data Dashboard manual</u> or view the videos within the Data Dashboard tool.

Differentiation

Where appropriate, guidance has been given on how to simplify tasks within lessons or challenge those who are ready for more stretching tasks.



Adapting and Refining the Scheme for your School

In an ideal world, pupils would be able to complete all units; this provides a wide range of different technological experiences using a variety of tools. The overlaps between units serve to deepen understanding of computational concepts and provide opportunities for pupils to apply and extend understanding and make links in their knowledge and capabilities.

However, as a school, you might decide that you need to refine the scheme for your own purposes and needs, meaning that not all units can be covered. This section Title to help you to do this whilst still being confident in curriculum coverage.

Firstly, use the colour coding to pick and choose units that cover the three strands of computing content to ensure a spread of complimentary opportunities and skills and to ensure curriculum coverage. Ideally, balance these strands over the whole school so that pupils cover and revisit all areas.

Secondly, look for opportunities to incorporate the computational skills into other subjects. Resources could be adapted or created to match your topics. Here are some suggestions: Units that link to the maths curriculum:

- 3.6 Branching Databases
- 3.8 Graphing
- 3.3 Spreadsheets

Units that could be part of English lessons:

• 3.7: Simulations

Units that could easily be topic linked; resources will need to be adapted to have a topic theme: Any of the data handling units suggested in the maths section.

• 3.9 Presenting

For lessons taught more discretely as computing such as Email (3.5) and Blogging (6.4), topic themes could still be used to double-up on objectives covered.

Online safety units can be part of RSE\PSHE lessons; there is a strong link between the learning objectives related to online safety with many of the online safety lessons aligning with RSE\PSHE objectives.

Typing could be covered during a regular 10-minute morning session over a term rather than during dedicated computing lessons (unit 3.4).

We have a stand-alone spreadsheet unit for Y6, this does not rely upon having completed the other spreadsheet units so might be another way to familiarise pupils with spreadsheets without including a spreadsheet unit in each year groups. In this case, we would advise including the use of spreadsheets and other data programs within maths where there is a curricular link.



Crash Courses

There are crash course units for Spreadsheets using 2Calculate and Coding using 2Code. Use these units instead of the standard Spreadsheets and Coding units if the children have not completed the prior year's spreadsheets or coding units. The crash courses are designed to enable children to catch up with the main features of the units from previous years and progress onto the standard units in the next year.

For example, if you are a school that starts in year 3 with children joining from different settings who have not used the Purple Mash Computing Scheme, you would start with the crash courses in year 3 for Coding and Spreadsheets and then children will be ready for the standard units for coding and spreadsheets in year 4.

Use these units if your school has just started using the scheme so children have not completed the prior year units.



Year 3 Whole Year Overview

Predominant Area of Computing*			
Computer	Information		Digital
Science	Technology		Literacy

^{*}Most units will include aspects of all strands.

These units can be taught in any order to meet the needs of your wider curriculum.

These units can be taught i	•	•
Unit 3.1	Unit 3.2	Unit 3.3
Coding	Online safety	Spreadsheets
Number of lessons – 6	Number of lessons – 3	Number of lessons – 3*
Main Programs –	Programs – Various	Programs –
2Code	r rograme vaneas	2Calculate
zcode		ZCalculate
Unit 3.4	Unit 3.5	Unit 3.6
Touch Typing	Email (including email	Branching Databases
	safety)	
Number of lessons – 4	Number of lessons – 6	Number of lessons – 4
Programs – 2Type	Programs – 2Email,	Programs – 2Question
1 Tograms – 2 Type	2Connect, 2DIY	1 Tograms – Zquestion
	2Connect, 2DH	
Unit 3.7	Unit 3.8	Unit 3.9
Simulations	Graphing	Presenting (with
		Microsoft PowerPoint
Number of lessons – 3	Number of lessons – 3	or Google Slides)
	3	
Programs –	Programs – 2Graph	Number of Lessons –
	. 10g/a/113 2014p/11	
2Simulate, 2Publish		5 or 6 (version dependent)
		Main Program – MS
		PowerPoint or Google
		Slides

^{*}The crash course unit has 4 lessons.

Need more support? Contact us:

2 simple

Year 3 Unit Overview

Unit 3.1 - Coding

Lesson	Title	Success Criteria
1	Using Flowcharts	Children can read and explain a flowchart
		Children can use a flowchart to create a
		computer program.
		Children can create a computer program that
		uses click events and timers.
2	Using Timers	Children can create a program that uses a
		timer-after command
		Children can create a program that uses a
		timer-every command
		Children understand there can be different
		ways to solve a problem.
3	Using Repeat	Children understand how the turtle object
		moves.
		Children can use the repeat command with
		an object.
		Children can create a computer program that
		includes use of the repeat command.
4	Code, Test and Debug	Children can create computer programs
		using prior knowledge.
		Children can run, test and debug their
		programs.
		Children can consider nesting when
		debugging their programs.
5 & 6	Design and Make an Interactive	Children can use the properties table to set
	Scene	the properties of objects.
		Children can plan their scene and code before
		they create their program.
		Children can confidently make several
		different things happen in a program.

Unit 3.2 - Online Safety

Lesson	Title	Success Criteria
	Safety in Numbers	Children understand what makes a good password for use on the Internet. Children are beginning to realise the outcomes of not keeping passwords safe.
1		Children can contribute to a concept map of all the different ways they know that the Internet can help us to communicate.
		 Children have contributed to a class blog with clear and appropriate messages. Extension: Children understand that passwords help to limit who can see personal / private / confidential information.
2	Fact or Fiction?	 Children understand that some information held on websites may not be accurate or true. Children are beginning to understand how to search the Internet and how to think critically about the results that are returned. Children have accessed and assessed a 'spoof' website. Children have created their own 'spoof' webpage mock-up. Children have shared their 'spoof' web page on a class display board. Extension: Children evaluate facts from a website and explain how they fact checked the information that was presented.
3	Appropriate Content & Ratings	 Children can identify some physical and emotional effects of playing/watching inappropriate content/games. Children relate cyberbullying to bullying in the real-world and have strategies for dealing with online bullying including screenshot and reporting.

Unit 3.3 - Spreadsheets

Lesson	Title	Success Criteria
1	Creating Pie Charts and Bar Graphs	 Children can create a table of data on a spreadsheet. Children can use a spreadsheet program to automatically create charts and graphs from data.
2	Using more than and Spin Button Tools	 Children can use the 'more than', 'less than' and 'equals' tools to compare different numbers and help to work out solutions to calculations. Children can use the 'spin' tool to count through times tables.
3	Advanced Mode and Cell Addresses	 Children can describe a cell location in a spreadsheet using the notation of a letter for the column followed by a number for the row. Children can find specified locations in a spreadsheet.

Unit 3.4 - Touch-typing

Lesson	Title	Sι	uccess Criteria
1	Home, Top and Bottom Row Keys	•	Children understand the names of the fingers. Children understand what is meant by the home, bottom, and top rows. Children have developed the ability to touch
			type the home, bottom, and top rows.
2	Home, Top and Bottom Row Keys (Consolidation)	•	Children can use two hands to type the letters on the keyboard.
3	Left Keys	•	Children can touch type using the left hand.
4	Right Keys	•	Children can touch type using the right hand.

Unit 3.5 - Email

Lesson	Title	Success Criteria
1	Communication	 Children can list a range of different ways to communicate. Children can use 2Connect to highlight the strengths and weaknesses of each method. Extension: Children can order the various types of communication that have been used through history.
2	Composing Emails	 Children can open an email and respond to it. Children have sent emails to other children in the class. Extension: Children can use the search option in the address book to find a classmate when sending an email.
3	Using Email Safely: Part 1	 Children have written rules about how to stay safe using email. Children have contributed to classmates' rules. Extension: Children understand the importance of draft.
4	Using Email Safely: Part 2	 Children have created a quiz about email safety which explores scenarios that they could come across in the future. Extension: Children create title screens for their quizzes explaining what the quiz is about, and how to play it.
5	Attachments	 Children can attach work to an email. Children know what CC means and how to use it.
6	Email Simulations	 Children can read and respond to a series of email communications. Children can attach files appropriately and use email communication to explore ideas. Extension: Children know why the terms CC and BCC are used Children understand when to use CC or BCC

Unit 3.6 - Branching Databases

Lesson	Title	Success Criteria
1	Introducing Databases	 Children understand how YES/NO questions are structured and answered. Children have used YES/NO questioning to play a simple game with a friend. Children can explain why they choose a particular question to split their database. Extension: Children can begin to use 'or more' and 'or less' in their questioning
2	Branching Databases	 Children have contributed to a class branching database about fruit. Children have completed a branching database about vegetables. Extension: Children can edit and adapt a branching database to accommodate new entries.
3 and 4	Creating a branching database on the computer	 Children can choose a suitable topic for a branching database. Children can select and save appropriate images. Children can create a branching database. Children know how to use and debug their own and others branching databases.

Unit 3.7 - Simulations

Lesson	Title	Success	Criteria
1	What Are Simulations?		ren know that a computer simulation can sent real and imaginary situations.
			ren can give some examples of ations used for fun and for work.
			ren can give suggestions of advantages roblems of simulations.
2	Exploring a Simulation	Child	ren can explore a simulation.
			ren can use a simulation to try out ent options and to test predictions.



		•	Children can begin to evaluate simulations by comparing them with real situations and considering their usefulness. Children can analyse choices made using a branching database.
3	Analysing and Evaluating a Simulation	•	Children can recognise patterns within simulations and make and test predictions. Children can identify the relationships and rules on which the simulations are based. Children can evaluate a simulation to determine its usefulness for purpose. Children can create their own simple simulation (extension).

Unit 3.8 - Graphing

Lesson	Title	Success Criteria
1	Introducing 2Graph	 Children can set up a graph with a given number of fields. Children can enter data for a graph. Children can produce and share graphs made on the computer. Extension: Children can select most appropriate style of graph for their data and explain their reasoning.
2	Using 2Graph to Solve an Investigation	 Children have solved a maths investigation. Children can present the results in a range of graphical formats. Children can use the sorting option to make analysis of their data easier. Extension: Children can select most appropriate style of graph for their data and explain their reasoning.

Unit 3.9 - Presenting (with Microsoft PowerPoint)

Downloaded Version of MS PowerPoint

Lesson	Title	Success Criteria
1	Making a Presentation	Children know what PowerPoint is.
	from a Blank Page	Children can open PowerPoint.
		Children can add text to a page and format it.
		Children can add shapes to a page.
2	Adding Media	Children can change the design of the slides.
		Children can insert a new slide.
		Children can insert pictures.
		Children can edit pictures.
		Children can insert video and audio.
3	Adding Animation	Children can use animations in a presentation.
		Children can use transitions in a presentation.
4	Presenting with Timings	Children can add timings to a presentation.
		Children can present effectively using
		PowerPoint.
5 & 6	Create a Presentation	Children can create a presentation including
		formatted text.
		Children can include different media.
		Children can add transitions and animations.
		Children can add timings to the presentation.
		Children can present effectively.

Online Version of MS PowerPoint

Lesson	Title	Success Criteria
1	Making a Presentation from a Blank Page	 Children know what PowerPoint is. Children can open PowerPoint. Children can add text to a page and format it. Children can add shapes to a page.
2	Adding Media	 Children can change the design of the slides. Children can insert a new slide. Children can insert pictures. Children can edit pictures. Children can insert video and audio.
3	Adding Animation	Children can use animations in a presentation.



		•	Children can use transitions in a presentation.
4 & 5	Create a Presentation	•	Children can create a presentation including
			formatted text.
		•	Children can include different media.
		•	Children can add transitions and animations.
		•	Children can add timings to the presentation.
		•	Children can present effectively.

Unit 3.9 – Presenting (with Google Slides)

PC\Mac Version of Google Slides

Lesson	Title	Success Criteria
1	Making a Presentation from a Blank Page	 Children know what Google Slides is. Children know how to open Google Slides. Children can add text and format it.
2	Adding Media	 Children can change the design of the slides. Children can insert a new slide. Children can insert pictures. Children can edit pictures. Children can insert video (extension).
3	Adding Shapes and Lines	 Children can add shapes to a presentation. Children can add lines into a presentation.
4	Adding Animation	 Children can use animations in a presentation. Children can use transitions in a presentation.
5 & 6	Create a Presentation	 Children can add text to a presentation. Children can add objects including text and pictures to their presentation. Children can add animation and transitions to their presentation. Children can present their work on Slides.

Tablet App for Google Slides

Lesson	Title	Success Criteria
1	Making a Presentation from a Blank Page	 Children know what Google Slides is. Children know how to open Google Slides. Children know how to add text and format it.
2	Adding Images	 Children can change the design of the slides. Children can insert a new slide. Children can insert pictures.
3	Adding Shapes and Lines	Children can add shapes to a presentation.Children can add lines into a presentation.
4 & 5	Creating a Presentation	 Children can create a presentation including formatted text. Children can add objects including text and pictures. Children can present their work on Slides.

English National Curriculum Objectives (Key Stage 2)

National Curriculum Objective	Strand	Units
Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or	Computer Science	3.1
simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.		
Use sequence, selection and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output.	Computer Science	3.1
Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs	Computer Science	3.1
Understand computer networks, including the Internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.	Computer Science	3.5
Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content.	Information Technology	
Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital	Information Technology	3.3
devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given		3.4
goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.		3.5
		3.6
		3.7
		3.8
		3.9
Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour;	Digital Literacy	3.2
identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.		3.5
		3.9



Welsh Digital Competence Framework

Strand	Learners are able to:	Units Covered
Citizenship	Understand simple rules for sharing images and data, e.g. understand that photographs cannot be taken of others or shared online without seeking permission first.	3.2, 3.5, 3.9
	Use strategies for creating and keeping strong, secure passwords, e.g. three to four random words joined together or using capitalisation and numbers.	3.2
	Acknowledge age restrictions and suitability of digital media and devices, e.g. locate and begin to understand PEGI ratings and age restriction guidelines.	3.2
	Identify physical and emotional effects of playing/watching inappropriate content/games.	3.2
	explain how giving credit is a sign of respect.	3.2, 3.9
	explain when and how it is acceptable to use the work of others.	3.2
	Explain the similarities and differences between offline and online communications,	3.2, 3.5
	Compose clear and appropriate messages in online communities.	3.5
	Identify different forms of bullying, including cyberbullying, and suggest strategies for dealing with it, e.g. screenshot, block, report.	3.2, 3.5
Interacting and	Exchange simple online communication in one or more languages, e.g. e-mail or video call	3.5
collaborating	Explain the advantages of communicating electronically.	3.5
	Use an online collaborative platform to create or edit a file in one or more languages.	3.1, 3.3, 3.5, 3.6, 3.8
	Save files to a specific location using an appropriate file name.	3.1, 3.3, 3.6, 3.8
	Understand the importance of saving work periodically to avoid losing work.	3.1, 3.3, 3.6, 3.8
Producing	Use identified success criteria as a plan for completion of task.	All Units
	Develop strategies for finding information using different keywords and techniques.	3.2
	Create and edit multimedia components in one or more languages.	3.1, 3.3, 3.5, 3.6, 3.8, 3.9
	Organise a range of text, image, sound, animation and video for selected purposes.	3.1, 3.3, 3.5, 3.6, 3.8, 3.9
	Give an opinion about their own work and suggest improvements.	3.1, 3.4, 3.7, 3.9



Data and	Represent a solution symbolically.	3.1
Computational	Detect and correct mistakes in sequences of instructions.	3.1
Thinking	Identify repetitions or loops in a sequence.	3.1
	Collect data, enter and begin to analyse in given formats.	3.3, 3.6, 3.8



Northern Ireland Levels of Progression and Desirable Features

	Objective	Units Covered
Explore	Access, select, interpret and research information	3.2
	from safe and reliable sources.	
	Investigate, make predictions and solve problems	3.1, 3.3, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9
	through interaction with digital tools.	
Express	Create, develop, present and publish ideas and	3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 3.6, 3.8, 3.9
	information responsibly using a range of digital	
	media and manipulate a range of assets to produce	
	multimedia.	
Exchange	Communicate safely and responsibly using a range	3.1, 3.2, 3.5, 3.6, 3.8, 3.9
	of contemporary digital methods and tools,	
	exchanging, sharing, collaborating and developing	
	ideas digitally.	
Evaluate	Talk about, review and make improvements to	3.1, 3.2, 3.5, 3.9
	work, reflecting on the process and outcome, and	
	consider the sources and resources used, including	
	safety, reliability and acceptability.	
Exhibit	Manage and present their stored work and	All Units
	showcase their learning across the curriculum,	
	using ICT safely and responsibly.	

Desirable Features	Units Covered
Desktop Publishing	3.4, 3.8, 3.9
Film and Animation	See unit 4.6, 3.9
Interactive Design	3.1, 3.7
Managing data	3.3, 3.6, 3.8
Music and Sound	See unit 2.7
Online Communication	3.2, 3.5
Presenting	3.9
	Use of publishing templates and 2Connect to complete
	activities as part of lessons.
Working with Images	Used in various units, see specifically unit 2.6

Scottish Curriculum for Excellence (First Level)

Technological developments in society	Units
	Covered
By exploring and using technologies in the wider world, I can consider the ways in which they help.	3.2, 3.5, 3.7, 3.9
I can work with others to generate, discuss and develop imaginative ideas to create a product of the future.	3.1, 3.3, 3.6, 3.8, 3.9
By exploring current news items of technological interest, I have raised questions on the issues and can share my thoughts.	3.2
Throughout all my learning, I take appropriate action to ensure conservation of materials and resources, considering the impact of my actions on the environment.	3.5
ICT to enhance learning	Units Covered
As I extend and enhance my knowledge of features of various types of software, including those which help find, organise, manage and access information, I can apply what I learn in different situations.	By covering a variety of units.
I can access, retrieve and use information from electronic sources to support, enrich or extend learning in different contexts.	By covering a variety of units.
I explore and experiment with the features and functions of computer technology and I can use what I learn to support and enhance my learning in different contexts.	By covering a variety of units.
I can create, capture and manipulate sounds, text and images to communicate experiences, ideas and information in creative and engaging ways.	By covering a variety of units.
Computing science contexts for developing technological skills and knowledge	Units Covered
I am developing my knowledge and use of safe and acceptable conduct as I use different technologies to interact and share experiences, ideas and information with others.	3.2
I am developing problem-solving strategies, navigation and co-ordination skills, as I play and learn with electronic games, remote control or programmable toy.	3.1
Craft, design, engineering and graphics contexts for developing technological skills and knowledge	Units Covered
Having evaluated my work, I can adapt and improve, where appropriate, through trial and error or by using feedback.	3.1, 3.4
I am developing an interest, confidence and enjoyment in using drawing and colour techniques, manually or electronically, to represent ideas in different learning situations	See unit 2.6

I explore materials, tools and software to discover what they can do and	3.1, 3.7
how I can use them to help solve problems and construct 3D objects	
which may have moving parts.	